General Laue.

GREENCASTLE, June 3d 1848. Sta :- I wish to call your attention to a book of 224 pages entitled "General Scott and his Staff; comprising memoirs of Generals Scott, Twiggs, Smith, Quitman, bill was filed the mortgagor was dead. His widow who was Shields, Pillow, Lane, Cadwalader, Patterson and Pierce, a lunatic and his heir an infant were made defendants. Af-Colonels Childs, Riley, Harvey, Butler, and other dis- ter service of process, the court appointed guardian ad litem nity given them to contribute to its support. tinguished officers attached to Gen. Scott's army," &c. for each of them. The guardians answered in the usual &c. &c., and published in 1848, by Grigg, Elliot & Co. form, requiring proof of matters charged in the bill, and the marked by events of peculiar interest and encouragement. Philadelphia; and from which on page 129, I copy the fol- court thereupon set the cruse down for hearing on the bill, The governmental connection of the Colony with the lowing: "Brigadier General Joseph Lane is a native of answer and exhibits: Held, that it was necessary the exhibits North Carolina, but was appointed to the army from Illi- should have been proved to have authorized their admission, nois. He entered the army July 1st, 1846, and marched Reversed.

to Mexico as one of Gen. Wool's column." My impression is that General Lane is a native of Indiana, and was born in Corydon, but I am not certain of dee's note for the purchase money with a third person as sethis; by the list of members taken while he was in the curity, waives his equitable lien on the land, unless there be challenge the admiration of the world. It promises incal-Legislature, it could be ascertained, and I suppose one an express contract that such lien shall be retained. Where can be had at Indianapolis, and therefore I call your atten- a note for the purchase money with security has been thus tion to this subject. Certain it is that he was not appoint- given, such hen cannot be enforced against a subsequent pured from Illinois. That he was mustered into service with time of his purchase that the note was unpaid. Affirmed. the 2d Indiana regiment, in May, 1847, and that he was not of the column that marched to Mexico with General Wool. Indiana has suffered enough from these pick- thority of Bogart v. New Albany, decided at this term. pocket publications. Will you, sir, attend to correcting this error.

I am sir, respectfully, your friend, D. R. ECKELS.

G. A. CHAPMAN, Esq., Indianapolis. * Our correspondent is probably mistaken in regard to the General's nativity; from the best of our recolted from that State while young, and the greater part tent to prove any part of the cause of action. Affirmed. of his life has been spent in Indiana .- Ens.

A Letter from Mexico.

PUEBLA, MEXICO, May 4, 1848. Messas. Editors-Sirs: I see in your paper of April 6th, a letter written by Gen. Z. Taylor, in answer to Judgment Affirmed. one written him accompanying the resolutions of Capt. Rousseau by John D. Defrees, editor of the State Journal. That letter, I think, behooves every Hoosier, at home or Reg Bap. Ch -Error to the Rush C. C. abroad, to refute it; for it bears upon its face, as does his quently to the date of that report, to cause me to change it." palpably violated. Affirmed. men, who most positively swore that they heard Col. Error to the Dearborn C. C. accordance with military discipline, for men are taught to unexpired executions—and of course excuse him from te- plate emigrating from the Wabash in this State, to Li which fees shall in all cases be paid in advance. obey. He further says: "It was founded on my own perobey. He further says: "It was founded on my own personal observation." Now, as there is a God, and I ever sale as personal property before maturity, and their sale does.

The estimable Elliott Cressen, in a late appeal on behalf was not within two miles of the battle-field when the 2d written agreement. Reversed. make this assertion from "his own personal observation," ciusko C. C. action, Gen. Taylor's report would have been different produced. Affirmed. from what it is: not that I wish to be understood that he is jealous of Gen. Lane; no, but that his sycophants and Samuel G. Starr v. James Cook et al .- Appeal from the minions that he had, and still has adhering to him and Vigo C. C. Affirmed. his cause, who hope by smooth talk and smooth resolu- Jelly, administrator, v. Elliot.-Error to the Dearborn Protions, to some day be able to feed on government pap bate Court. through him.

Indiana had no more men at the rancho than other States; why give her all the blame? Was not her loss more by the widow, must be made from the personal property than any other regiment? it was. To injure this regiment was to try and kill the effect of the good actions of her general. Look at Napoleon's veterans. Did they de bonos non; and before his appointment the estate having ever stand the fire and loss that that regiment did? never. Leen declared insolvent—the money in his hands having Was not the men ordered to retreat? they were. Did not been from the sale of lands by order of court-and no perthe larger portion of them rally again? they did. With sonal property having reached his hands: Held, he was not all this proof, and the action of a court of inquiry, which liable to the widow of the decedent on petition for her right unanimously took the blame from the men, and laid it at to \$150 under the Statute of '43. Reversed. the proper person's door, yet he, because it is in his official report, will not do them the justice to acknowledge that he wronged them. He is a great man, and thinks, I suppose, great men are never led into errors.

The above are plain, simple facts; and there is not a man in the 2d regiment but will vouch for the truth of to represent said county in the next Legislature, and to them, without it be such a one as Capt R******, who, I organize the county for the Presidential campaign, think, from his course, is looking after a captaincy, when Gen. Taylor is President, and peace is restored. I don't George J. Grames was appointed secretary. think he would accept in time of war; for the chase he Yours, with respect, &c.

Noblesville, June 19, 1848. Messrs. Editors-Permit me to give you a brief account of a Taylor Mass Meeting gotten up in this place on the 17th instant, for the avowed object of making a demonous to the time appointed for the meeting, it was announced that H. G. Hazlerigg, T. D. Walpole, and others were to be the orators of the occasion. The appointed day came, but with it came no "Walpole and others." Mr. Hazlerigg arrived on the evening previous to the day report was unanimously concurred in by the convention appointed for the meeting. A few people came in from the country as usual; but no enthusiasm was manifested appointed assistant elector. for the "Hero." Mr. Hazlerigg, and a few leading Mexicans of this county, after long consultation, finally determined that he should address the people at 1 o'clock, Weils. Wayne, Abner Alexander. Taylor, Judge

At the hour appointed, some fifty persons repaired to the Court House, the place assigned for holding the mass meeting. Mr. Hazlerigg commenced by saving that he was a candidate for Senator. He went on to say, he was a farmer, and, that as all farmers' interests are identical, therefore, he was the proper man for them to elect. After expatiating at large on his own qualifications, he went on to say that it was generally expected that a candidate should say something in relation to national politics. He would say, that the issues of '40 and '44, were not the issues of '48. The idea of a national bank had become obsolete, and the revenue tariff of '46, he was willing be requested to publish the proceedings of this meeting should remain as it is, and let locofocos run it in the ground. The distribution question was merged in one of greater importance, and there it might remain. But the limitation of the veto power he was in for He said that in 1668, the Whig and Tory parties had their origin. The Whigs then were in favor of curtailing the regal ower, and extending that of the commoners. So they The New Albany Democratic says-(the Whigs) had been ever since; while the tory party . Col. Win. A. Bowles paid this city a visit a fewere for retaining it. The whigs had always advocated days since. We understand he goes for Tayle reform, the tories opposed it; so they did at the present "tooth and toe nail." He boasts that he will carry

tioned, either by speaker or audience, during the meet. cannot be charged with ingratitude to his patron hero. ing. He studiously avoided committing himself on any Taylor and Bowles! Glorious union of "gallant" question. He said if the people wished to know what spirits! We hope it does not grate harshly on your would be his course if elected, let them go and search the ears, whigs of the second regiment?" musty journals of the House of Representatives. The principles that governed him then would still govern THE AVAILABILITY CANDIDATE .-- A friend of Mr. him. This, then, is the amount of the ratification meet- Clay makes this remark to a Taylor whig: "You ing. The speaker accused the democratic party of being have taken up a man because you think him available. and then the meeting broke up without a murmur of ap- Thus you drop all your principles, and go alone for and fractional townships, to-wit: plause, and without the Hero's name being once men- availability. Now, upon the same principle, I beg

Butler are received with enthusiasm.

Howard County.

convened at the court house in Kokomo, May 16, 1848. chair, and Theophilus Bryan appointed secretary. The objects of the meeting having been stated, on mo-

tion of H. D. Johnson, Resolved, That it is expedient that the democratic party prepare by a thorough political organization, for the approaching canvass for President of the United States, as well as other officers of our State Government; in view of

Resolved, That a central county committee consisting of seven members be appointed by the chair.

Resolved. That a committee of two for each township be appointed by the chair, who shall act as a committee of vigilance, whose duty it shall be to endeavor by all h norable means to organize the members in their respective townships and to rally so far as in them lies, all who

Harland, A. J. Heaton, Lewis Anderson, John Parker and bacon; 22,558 lbs bacon in bulk; 26,445 lbs other freight. C. Inman. Township Committees .- Jackson Township, Jonathan Reeder, G. H. Golding; Green, Daniel Bates, Francis Cash; Howard, M. V. Smith, Nosh Carter; Taylor, Ezra

Pearce. L. Shoemaker; Centre, E. Modlin, C. Ioman; WOULD respectfully inform the merchants of the vicinity, Clay, W. B. Smith, J H. Hardin; Harrison, Miles Judkins, James Shank Monroe, J. J. Barritt, T. Bryan; Er- piedges himself to sell as low as they can be bought west of the vin. J. Chitwood, D. C. Smith. On motion of T. Bryan, Resolved. That the nomination of G. B. WALKER, by the variety of style and pattern.

vention, and that we will use all honorable means in our power to secure his election. After which the following county ticket was nominated. For County Commissioners, 2d district, John Knight, 3d

After some appropriate remarks from H. D. Johnson, the convention adjourned sine die.

district, Salathiel J. Good; for Assessor, Wm. B. Smith.

BENJ. LESOURD, Prest. T. BRTAN, Sec.

SUPREME COURT OF INDIANA.

May Term, 1848. REPORTED FOR THE SENTINEL BY A. J. STEVENS, ESQ.

Tuesday, June 6th. Ward v. Kelly .- Error to the Tippecanoe C. C. and that the record should show that such proof was made.

May v. Patty et al .- Error to the Wayne C. C. chaser from the vendee, though the former had notice at the

Stoker v. City of New Albany. Hunt v. White - Error to the Dearborn Probate Court. PERKINS, J .- There must be an accounting had between a guardian and his ward, and a demand upon the former made before a suit will lie, and the guardian must be first called to

account before the surety is liable. Reversed. Kincaid et al. v. Pursel -Error to the Dearborn C. C. BLACKFORD, J .- Although two persons are jointly sued, yet if one pleads separately the other may be permitted to

Sorden v. Gatewood - Error to the Shelby C. C. PERKINS, J .- A vested remainder is subject to execution and tiens of Judgments. A plea of discharge by bankruptcy exceptions of the act of Congress of 1841, relative to bank- emigrate. rup's. Reversed.

SATURDAY, June 10.

Jones et al. v. Doe, ex dem. Trustees Little Blue River report, incorrectness. I allude to the third and fourth para- power with the courts to control the examination of wit- Republic, which christian philanthropy has planted, and missioner of Patents shall require a fee of one dollar for regraphs of that letter. In the third parapraph he says: "I nesses, and an appellate court will not interfere with the ex- God's own hand has so wonderfully preserved and proshave only to say, that nothing has been developed subse- ercise of such discretion unless some rule of Law has been pered on the Western coast of Africa. And still he gives discredit to the oaths of some 30 or 40 | Joshua Northern et al. v. The State of Indiana ex rel .-

Bowles give the order, some three or four times, to retreat; PERKINS, J - Sec. 422, p. 750 of R. S., authorizes a conand yet he blames men for obeying orders. This is not in stable going out of office to deliver to his successor in office notified, that several families of colored persons contem-

hope to appear before him, I declare that Gen. Taylor not necessarily involve an interest in the realty requiring a Indiana regiment went into action. Now, how can he Doe on the dem. &c. v. Stephenson .- Appeal from the Kos-

TUE-DAY, June 13.

BLACKFORD, J -An insane person cannot sue by a solicitor. Under the statute of 1843 the selection of \$150 made ken, and many oppressed will go free. which has been appraised—and not out of the real estate. Debts having been paid out of the proceeds of the personal property—the defendant in this cause being administrator

Owen County.

At a meeting of Democrats of Owen county held in Spencer on Saturday the 3d of June, 1848, pursuant to previous notice, for the purpose of selecting a candidate On motion, David Crockett was called to the chair, an

A call of the townships being had, it appeared that the had at Buena Vista is still fresh in his memory, and ever following were represented in the convention : Washing ton, Franklin, Clay, Jefferson, Marion, Lafayette, Mo Hamilton County---Taylor Ratification were unrepresented: Wayne, Harrison, Taylor, Jenmings and Jackson.

On motion, it was carried that all democrats preser from the township be invited to participate in the proceed ings of the convention.

W. M. Franklin moved that the delegates from the dil committee to select a candidate for representative which was carried. And the committee having been s selected, retired, and in a short time reported that the had selected David M. Dobson as such candidate. Ti On motion of Mr. Taylor, William M. Franklin wa On motion the following persons were appointed a cen-

Goodwin. Jennings, T. C. Jennings. Jackson, . Cochren. Morgan, B. Dickerson. Lafayette, H. W. Fulk. Marion, A Mitchell. Jefferson, F. Hauser, Frank lin, Arthur Scott. Clay, David Crockett. Wm. E. Taylor then offered the following resolution

which was unanimously adopted: Resolved, That we cordially approve the nomination of Gen. Lewis Cass for President and Gen. Wm. O. But ler for Vice President; and that we will give them ou undivided support, and use all honorable means to carr this county for them at the November election.

On motion, Mr. Reed, editor of the Westen Chronicle And on motion, the same be published in the Coonskin ner. When the convention adjourned, sine die. DAVID CROCKETT, President.

G. J. GRIMES, Secretary.

This is the amount of his mass meeting speech, in which the Hero of Buena Vista's name was not men-

S. leave to go for Gen. Cass, because I hold him to have P. S. I would just say, that the democratic party of more of the elements of availability in him than Gen- two Hamilton county is right. The nominations of Cass and eral Taylor." The argument is irresistible, and the satire is cutting enough.

The Detroit Free Press informs us, that, on the Agreeable to previous notice, a large and respectable reception of the news of the nomination at Philadelmeeting of the democratic citizens of Howard county phia, "not less than fifty persons who have been Whigs for years declare their opposition to the election of On motion, Hon. Benjamin Lesourd was called to the Gen. Taylor." They looked upon it as an entire relinquishment of the principles of their party; and will therefore have nothing to do with it.

DIED.

On the 20th of June, at the residence of her grandfather, Jacob Miller, Elvira Josephine, daughter of Joseph and Anna Maria Heritage, aged seven years two months and twenty days, of scarlet fever.

Madison and Indianapolis Railroad. Business for the week ending Saturday, June 17, 1848. OUTWARD. -560 passengers; 115 brls whisky; 55 do molasses; 255 do salt; 5 do vinegar; 10 do oil and tar; 5 kegs powder: 4 empty hhds; 1 buggy; 3 fan mills; 381 bushels

coal; 260,817 lbs other freight. favor democratic measures, to the end that they may at- Inward. -520 possengers; 10 horses; 1.119 brls flower; thirty-eight, of range twenty-two. tend at their respective places of voting, in order to vote | 13 do laid; 10 do butter; 22 do tallow; 1,092 bush do wheat; upon the great principles which are so near and dear to 1,065 do corn; 644 do meal; 1,389 do oats; 135 do seed; 402 do shorts; 180 bran; 10 kegs lard; 130,000 feet lumber; Central Committee .- A. Clark, T. S. Shepherd, J. M. 40,000 staves; 700 bush sand; 6 car loads van bark; 20 bhds

TO MERCHANTS. Wholesale Dry Goods House, L. B. WILLIAMSON,

pose of setting Goods at wholesale, and at wholesale only; and mountains. His stock will consist of well assorted fancy and staple dry goods, such as he trusts will be suitable to the market. His stock of Prints is large and well selected, embracing every

democracy of Cass county as a candidate for Representa- Those wishing to purchase, are solicited to call and examine for L. B. WILLIAMSON, tive for this district, be ratified and confirmed by this con- Washington street, nearly opposite the Branch Bank, at Walpole's old stand. Indianapolis, Juns 22, 1848.

> SUMMER ARRIVAL --- MORE NEW GOODS.

J. S. DUNLOP, AS just received a large addition to his former stock of Spring Goods, bought at the present reduced prices, and will be sold at small profit. Call and examine before purchasing, as great bargains will be given at 7. S. DUNLOP'S.

will be given at GROCERIES.

Appeal to the Hamanc. The officers of the Indiana Colonization society wish to remind the Ministers and churches throughout the State, that the time, appropriated by custom, for taking up an annual collection on behalf of African colonization is at hand. On a Sabbath near to the approaching 4th of July is desired and recommended that the claims of this noble enterprise be laid before the churches, and an opportu-

The history of Liberia during the past year has been American Colonization Society has been dissolved. A Convention has been called; a Constitution formed, sub- Acts and Resolutions passed at the First Session of mitted to the people, and adopted by them; and a new government on a free republican basis, has been organized SMITH, J .- The vendor of real estate by taking the ven- under the most promising auspices, and is now in full and successful operation. This is a spectacle which may well AN ACT to provide auditional examiners in the Patent Office, and

Per. cur. - Dismissed for want of jurisdiction on the au- rica, creates a strong public sentiment adverse to their en- eighteen hundred and thirty-six, two principal examiners, slavement; it fosters emancipation, -and is the most effec- and two assistant examiners, in addition to the number of tual preparative, the world has ever seen, for the civil, hereafter each of the principal examiners employed in the ing to contemplate especially the encouraging events of the of the Secretary of State, Commissione of Patents, and Sopast year, in the continued good order and elevated morality licitor of the Treasury, by the eighteenth section of the act give evidence to sustain the separate liability of the first. A of the Colony; its peaceful and happy organization as a free specting the Patent Office, shall hereafter be vested solely in lection he is a native of North Carolina, but emigra- witness for the plaintiff cannot be excluded if he is competed in the Commissioner of Patents; and when an application is the purchase of New Cesters, the only remaining slave fac- made to him for the extension of a patent according to said tory in its proximity; and the enlarged interest in the cause eighteenth section, and sixty days' notice given thereof, he must show that the particular debt in suit is not within the in the augmented numbers of bond and free desiring to of the class of inventions to which said case belongs, who

Hallowell et al v Russell - Error to the Tippecanoe C.C. lively gratitude on the part of its friends, and for larger ed; and thereupon the said Commissoner shall grant or refuse anniversary of our our own Jubilee of Liberty, or some extended for a longer term than seven years. SMITH, J .- There is necessarily considerable discretionary | Sabbath near to it, to the noble work of aiding that rising | SEC 2. And be it further enacted, That hereafter the Com-

beria, as soon as means can be raised for their voyage special in manner aforesaid two clerks, to be employed in

of this noble enterprise states, that not less than four ex- hundred dollars per amount. peditions are now affoat, bearing nearly 500 emancipated | Sec. 4. And be it further enacted, That the Commissioner emigrants to Liberia-and that an equal number anxious- of Patents is bereby authorized to send by mail, free of postwhen he was not on the field? If Indiana had been | BLACKFORD, J .- Ejectment. Secondary evidence cannot by await the ability of the society to send them. He age, the annual reports of the Patent Office, in the same without a general that day, or that general less active in be introduced until proof made that the original cannot be adds, that nearly 200 slaves are to be liberated on one es- manner in which he is empowered to send letters and packtate, but that they must be sent speedily to prevent the ages relating to the business of the Patent Office. forfeiture of their offered freedom.

The estimated expense of the voyage and settlement of each emigrant is \$50. If all, who are gratified with the past results, will contribute even a moderate sum in aid of the contemplated collection, many chains will be bro-

Collections may be forwarded to Dr. Isaac Coe, Treasurer of the State Society, Indianapolis; and the African Repository will be sent gratuitously to every Clergyman taking up such collection. ISAAC BLACKFORD, President.

JAMES M. RAY, Secretary. INDIANAPOLIS, June 15, 1848. Editors of papers generally in the State are request. ed to give the above an early insertion.

Corrected Weekly for the Indiana State Sentinel, BY J. M. LANDIS, Produce Dealer, at the Railroad Denot

0	Produce Dealer, at the Railroad Depot.			
	BACON-per ib.		GROCERIES-	
a	Hog, round,	\$2,00a2.25	Brooms,	1.50a2.50
d	Shoulders,	1.50a2.00	Lead, bar,	0.0540 051
	Clear sides,	2 25#2.50	Lead, white, pure	, 1 85a 2.00
e	Haras,	2.25a 2.50	Lead, No. I,	1.70a1.80
en Ì	BEEF-per cwt. net	t, 9.50a3 00	Oil, linseed,	0.6540.00
	CANDIES-per B.,	0.15a0.20	Oil, lard,	0.62a0.00
	COTTON YARN-		Oil, sperm,	1.75a9 00
8	CANDLES-per lb.		Oil, Tanners',	0.7541.60
-	Stearine,	The second	Turpentine,	0.75a0.00
	Mould,	0.10a0.101	Beans, white,	0.50ati.60
t	CORN MEAL-bu		Potatoes,	0.35a0.50
	FLOUR-per brl.,	3.0043.25	Onioins,	0.50a0.00
	FRUITS-per bu.		Cheese,	0.07#0.083
	Apples, green,	4. 7.5 (0.50)	Butter, roll,	0.0840.10
	Apples, dried,	0.7540.00	Lard,	0.03440.044
a	Peaches, dried,	1.25a0.00	Beeswax,	0.0040 18
	Almonas, per lb.		Ginseng,	0.2040.93
	Ruisins, per box,	2 00a3.00	Tallow,	0.07440 08
U	FISH-Mackerel,	13.00g14.00	GLASS—per box. 8 by 10.	4.00a4.95
y	TO COMPANY IN THE PROPERTY OF	6.7547.00	10 by 12.	4.2544.50
e	No. 1, half-brl,		HAY-per ton.	4.6004.00
1.	No. 1, qr. brl.,	4 00a 1.25 9.50a3.00	Timothy,	5.00a5.50
	No. 1, kits, No. 2, per brl., 1		Clover,	4.0045.00
S	No. 2 half brl.,	5.7546.00	IRON-per lb.	2
	No. 3, per bil,	9.50:a0.00	Bar.	0.0040.04
-	Salmon, kits,	3.00a0.00	Round and sq're,	
11	FEATHERS-per 1		Castings,	0,01a0.04
	Bast,	0.2520.00	Springs,	0.00a.0124
	Onlinary,	0.18a0.22	Asles,	0.0020.09
8	GRAINS-per bu.		Anvils,	0.00a0.15
	Wheat.	0.50a0.53	LEATHER-	
	Rye	0.30a0.35	Sole, per lb.	0.00a0 23
	Corn,	0.1800 25	Calfskins, pr dz. 1	8.00430.00
	Oats.	0.15a0.18	Upper, 1	5.00#25.00
	GROCERIES-		Morocco, 2	0.00a22.00
n	Coffee, best Rio,	0.0540.051	Sheep.	5,00a8.00
	Sugar, N. O.,	0.0540.053	LIQUORS-per gal	
n	Sugar, loaf,	0.10a0.124	Best Cog. Brandy	
	Sugar, crushed,	0.13a6.15	Best Pale Brandy	0.0002.374
	Tea, G. P.,	0.62a0.80	American Brandy	
r	Tea, Imperial,	0.50a0.75	Holland Gin,	0.00a1.37
y	Tea, Y. Hyson,	0,20a0 60	Old Bour, Whisk	0.60a1.00
	Pepper,	0.08140.09	Corn do.	0.2040.23
	Space,	0.12(a0.15	Old Mada, Wine	0.00021-21
•	Saleratus, Molasses, N. O.,	0.08a0.09 0.30a0.43	Port Wine, Sherry Wine,	0.00a1.37 0.00a1.50
	Molasses, S. H.,	0.43a0.47	Claret Wine,	0.0000,75
		5.00a0.00	Malaga Wine,	0.0040.50
	Tar, N. C., brl.,	4.75a0.00	NAILS -per lb.	UNUAULDU.
	Tar, Ftorida, Tobacco,	0.08a0.40	16d	0 00:0.043
	Madder,	0.13a0.16	8d	0.0040.05
	Indigo,	1 15a1.20	61	0.00a0.052
	Rice,	0.05140 06	44	0.00at).06
	Copperas,	0.63a0 034	3.1	0.0040,07
	Rosin,	0.02140.03	Brads,	0.0040.071
V	Ginger,	0.11a0.124	PAPER-per ream.	
r	Cloves,	0.33a0.40		0.62141.95
7	Gunpowder,	6.0046.75	Foolscap,	2.00a3 25
y	Soap, No. I,	0.05440.00	Bon. Boards, gr.	0.00a4.00
7	Cassia,	0.20a0.25	SEEDS-per bu.	
•	Alum,	0.05a0 00	Clover,	2,75a3,00
	Nutmegs,	1.62441.75	Flax.	0.55a0.60

Wooden Buckets, 2.75g0 00 By the President of the United States. the United States of America, do hereby declare and make known, that public sales will be held at the undermentioned Land

commencing on MONDAY, the 14 h day of August next, for the the first day of February, eighteen hundred and forty-eight, North of the base line, and west of the fourth principal meridian.

Townships twenty five and twenty-six of range one Townships tweaty eight and twenty-niae, of range seventeen. Townships twenty-eight, twenty-mine, thirty and thirty-two, of

Townships thirty, and fractional townships thirty-one and thirty. of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That two, of range nineteen. Fractional townships twenty-nine and thirty, and townships of the United States of America, and is hereby admitted inthirty-one and thirty-two, of range twenty.

At the SAME PLACE, commencing on MONI AV, the twentyeighth day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands
at respects whatever, with the boundaries prescribed by the
act of Congress, approved August sixth, eighteen hundred and

North of the base line, and west of the fourth principal meridian. Fractional townships twenty-six and twenty-seven, and town- for the admission of such State into the Union. ships twenty-eight, twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty-two, Fractional townships twenty-six, twenty-seven and twenty- gress is hereby given to the first, second, fourth, and tifth eight, and townships twenty-nine, thirty, thirty-one and thirty- resolutions ad pted by said convention, and appended to said two, of range twenty-two. Fractional townships twenty eight and twenty-nine, and town- said resolutions, are hereby amended, so that the lands grantships thirty and thirty-one, of range twenty-three.

Fractional townships twenty-nine, thirty and thirty-one, of range North of the base line, and east of the fourth principal meridian.

al township thirty-eight, of range twenty. hirty-eight, of range (wenty-one. Lands appropriated by law for the use of schools, military, or her purposes, will be excluded from the sales.

of May, anno domini on thousand eight hundred and forty-eight. By the President : JAMES K. POLK. RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner of the General Land Office. NOTICE TO PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS.

RICHARD M. YOUNG. May 16-109-13wis t Aug. 9.

PIECES fine Lawns, for sale cheap at wholesale. L. B. WILLIAMSON, WHEAT THRESHER. at original cast by D. C. TEAL.

LECTURES Col. Doniphan was not a member of the Whig Convention at Philadelphia, as has been falsely stated.

A N extra assortment of fine family groceries, consisting of superior Convention at Philadelphia, as has been falsely stated.

A N extra assortment of fine family groceries, consisting of superior Convention at Philadelphia, as has been falsely stated.

C. B. DAVIS, O. Bugar 16 lbs. for one dollar by 7 J. S. DUNLOP.

June 19 6 Opposite the Palmer II Opposite the Palmer House. PUBLIC LAWS OF THE UNITED



the Thirtieth Congress.

[Public-No. 34.]

culable good to Africa, and awakens a hope that a brighter of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That destiny is in reserve for her depressed and scattered chil- there shall be appointed, in the manner provided in the second section of the act entitled "An act to promote the pro-The bare existence of a free, enlightend, independent gress of useful arts, and to repeal all acts and parts of acts and prosperous nation of colored men on the coast of Af- heretofore made for that purpose," approved July fourth. social, and religious elevation of the entire colored race. Patent Office shall receive an annual salary of twenty-five In this confidence, which is strengthened by the events of hundred dollars, and each of the assistant examiners an anevery revolving year, let the friends of colonization go for- and salary of fifteen hundred dollars: Provided, That the ward with greatly augmented zeal and liberality. It is cheer- power to extend patents, now vested in the board composed among the colored population of our country, manifested | shall refer the case to the principal examiner having charge shall make a full report to said Commissioner of the said This increasing prosperity of the cause, calls for more case, and particlarly whether the invention or improvement, pecuniary contributions as the best fruit and evidence of the extension of said patent, upon the same principles and such gratitude. How appropriate the consecration of the jules that have governed said board; but no patent shall be

or any part of the interest in letters patent, or power of attorney, or license to make or use the things patented, when Let it be remembered that hundreds of emigrants are such instrument shall not exceed three hundred words; ready to embark for Liberia, and that funds are needed the sum of two dollars when it shall exceed three hundred immediately to send them to their destination. We are and shall not exceed one thousand words; and the sum of

ROBT. C. WINTHROP, Speaker of the House of Representatives, G. M. DALLAS. Vice President of the United States, and

President of the Senate. APPROVED May 27, 1848: JAMES K. POLK.

[Public-No. 35] AN ACT extending privileges to American vessels engaged in a certain mentioned trade, and for other purposes Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That it shall bereafter be lawful for any steamship, or other vessel, on being duly registered in pursuance of the laws of the forthesecond half in thirty days after the 15th of June, 1849. United States, to engage in trade between one port in the United States, and one or more ports within the same, with the privilege of touching at one or more foreign ports during the voyage, and land and take thereat merchandise, passengers, Indianapolis Wholesale Prices Current. and their baggage and letters and mails: Provided, That all such vessels shall be furnished by the collectors of the ports at which they shall take in their cargoes in the United States, with certified manifests setting forth the particulars of the cargoes, the marks, number of packages, by whom shipped, to whom consigned, at what port to be delivered; designating such goods as are entitled to drawback, or to the privilege of being placed in warehouse; and the masters of all such vessels shall, on their arrival at any port of the United States from any foreign port at which such vessel may have touched, as herein provided, conform to the laws providing for the delive y of manifests, of cargo, and passen- bushel of Turk's Island, Isle of May, or St. Ubes salt; and the gers taken on board at such foreign port, and all other laws beef must have five ounces of fine pulverized saltpetre to each regulating the report and entry of vessels from foreign ports, and be subject to all the penalties therein prescribed. SEC. 2. And be it further enacted That all vessels and

their cargoes, engaged in the trade referred to in this act, shall become subject to the provisions of existing collection and revenue laws on arrival in any port in the United States: Provided, That any foreign goods, wares, or merchandise, taken in at one port of the United States, to be conveyed in said vessels to any other port within the same, either under the provisions of the warehousing act of sixth August, eigh- with the best weite oak or hickory hoops. teen hundred and forty-six, or under the laws regulating the well as any goods, wares, or merchandise not entitled to drawback, but on which the import duties chargeable by law shall have been duly paid, shall not become subject to any rive having touched at a foreign port during the voyage, in pursuance of the privilege given in this act. APPROVED, May 27, 1848.

[Public-No. 36.] AN ACT explanatory of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other pur

poses," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and for ty-seven. of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the term "relatives," as used in the ninth section of the act entitled "An act to raise, for a limited time, an additional military force, and for other purposes," approved eleventh February, eighteen hundred and forty-even, shall be considhowever, shall remain as declared in that act; and those failceased, as the case may be.

the said act of eleventh February, eighteen hundred and yards, according to the terms of the contracts.

The parts of the beef to be excluded will be particularly forly-seven, shall not be construed as forfeited by the privates and non-commissioned officers, who have been, or may be, promoted to the grade of commissioned officer during their service in Mexico, and who shall have subsequently fulfilled the condition of their engagements : Provided, Such promotion shall have been made subsequent to the original organization of the company, corps, or regiment to which such privates and non-commissioned officers may have be-

APPROVED May 27, 1848.

PUBLIC-No. 37.] Offices, in Wisconsin, at the periods hereinafter designated, to AN ACT for the admission of the State of Wisconsin into the At the Land Office at the "FALLS OF ST. CROIX RIVER." | Whereas the people of the Territory of Wisconsin did, on sposal of the public lands within the undermentioned townships by a convention of delegates called and a sembled for that purpose, form for themselves a constitution and State government, which said constitution is republican, and said con-Townships twenty-five, twenty-six and twenty-seven, of range vention having asked the admission of said Territory i to the Union as a State, on an equal footing with the original

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives the State of Wisconsin be, and is bereby, admitted to be one within the undermentioned townships and fractional townships, to. act of Congress, approved August sixth, eighteen hundred and forty-six, entitled "An act to enable the people of Wisconsin Territory to form a constitution and State government, and

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That the assent of Conconstitution; and the acts of Congress, referred to in the ed by the provisions of the several acts referred to in the said first and fourth resolutions, and the proceeds of said At the Land Office at GREEN BAY, commencing on MON- lands, and the five per centum of the net proceeds of the DAY, the 21st day of August next, for the disposal of the public public lands therein mentioned, shall be held and disposed of ands situated within the undermentioned townships and fractional by said State, in the manner and for the purposes recommended by said convention; and so that, also, the lands reserved to the United States by the provisions of the act en-Townships thirty-five, thirty-six and thirty-seven, and fractiontitled "An act to grant a quantity of land to aid in the im-Fractional townships thirty-five thirty-six, thirty-seven and provement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers, and to connect the same by a canal in the Territory of Wisconsin;" and Fractional townships thirty-five, thirty-six, thirty-seven and also, the even numbered sections reserved by the pravisions of the act, entitled "An act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in The off-ring of the above mentioned lands will be commenced on opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan the days appointed, and proceed in the order in which they are ad- with those of Rock liver," shall be offered for sale at the certised, with all convenient dispatch, until the whole shall have same minimum price, and subject to the same rights of prebeen offered and the sales thus closed. But no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the emption, as other public lands of the United States: Prolands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks, vided, however, That no person shall be entitled to a pre-Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this eighth day couption by reason of the settlement and cultivation of any quarter section or other sub-division of said even numbered sections, which tract, before the commencement of such settlement, shall have been claimed by any other person cultivating and improving the same in good faith, and which shall have continued to be claimed, cultivated, and improved in Every person entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the like good faith by such person, his representatives or assigns, lands within the townships and fractional townships above enumer- until the sale of said tract, and of which said prior claim, ated, is required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Reserefor as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before emption shall have had notice at the time of his entry and the day appointed for he commencement of the public sale of the settlement; neither shall any pre-emption be allowed to any lands embracing the tract claimed, otherwise such claim will be tract, to the injury of any person, or of the representatives or assigns of any person claiming and occupying the same Commissioner of the General Land Office. or any part thereof in good faith, in his or her right, at the passage of this act, and owning valuable cultivation or improvements thereon, which cultivation or improvements shall have been assigned by the person so claiming pre-emption for if commenced subsequently to the entry and settlement of such person, shall have been made with his consent or NEW five horse Wheat Thresher, a first rate article, for sale acquiescence. And provided, further, That the liabilities incurred by the Territorial government of Wisconsin, under West side Railroad Depot. | the act entitled "An act to grant a quantity of land to the Territory of Wisconsin, for the purpose of aiding in opening a canal to connect the waters of Lake Michigan with those of Rock river," herein before referred to, shall be paid and discharged by the State of Wisconsin.

any tract of the said even numbered sections mentioned in the preceding section, and sold since the reservation thereof, at the minimum price of two dollars and fifty cents per acre, shall be entitled to receive from the Commissioner of the General Land Office a certificate of the quantity of land so purchased, and of the amount of the excess paid therefor, over and above the value of said land, at the rate of one dollar and twenty-five cents per acre; which certificate, to the amount of such excess, shall be receivable from the holder thereof or his assigns, in like manner as so much money, in payment of the public lands of the United States. That, in the event of the death of any such purchaser before the issuing of such certificate, the same shall be issued in favor

of the lawful representatives of such purchaser. SEC. 4. And be it further enacted. That the judge of the district court for the district of Wisconsin shall hold a term of said court in each year at the scat of government, to commeace on the first Monday of July, and another term of said court in each year at Milwaukie, to commence on the first Morday of January. He shall also have power to hold special terms for the trial of causes, and for the determination of all soits or proceedings in said courts, at ei her of the aforesaid places, at his discretion, as the nature and the amount of the bu-iness may require. The said court shall be open at all times, for the purpose of hearing and deciding cases of admirally and maritime jurisdiction, so far as the same can be done without a jury. The records and papers of said court may be kept at either of the places herein designated for the holding of said court, as the judge in his discretion shall direct.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted. That the clerks of the district courts of the Territory of Wisconsin shall, before their term of office expires, certify under seal, and transmit to the clerk of said court, all records of all onsatisfied judgments and of suits pending in said courts respectively, attaching thereto all papers connected therewith in all cases arising under the laws or constitution of the United States, or to which the United States shall be a party; and they shall forward the same to the clerk of said district court of the State of Wisconsin, who shall enter the same in his docket, and the said district court shall proceed therein to final judgment and execution, as if such suits or proceedings had originally been brought in said court.

SEC. 6. And be it further enacted. That the clerk of the supreme court of the Territory of Wisconsin, who shall deliver over to the clerks of said district court all records and papers in the office of the clerk of the said supreme court relating to proceedings in bank uptcy under the late bankrupt law of the United States. He shall also certify, under seal, and deliver to said clerk, all records of judgments and of proceedings in suits pending, and all papers connected therewith, in cases arising under the constitution and laws of the United States.

SEC. 7. And be it further enacted, That from and after the fourth day of March, eighteen hundred and forty-nine, and until another census and apportionment shall be made, the State of Wisconsin shall be entitled to three representatives in the Congress of the United States. APPROVED May 29, 1848.

Navy Beef and Pork for 1849.

NAVY DEPARTMENT, BUREAU OF PROVISIONS AND CLOTHING, June 7, 1848. CEALED PROPOSALS, endorsed "Proposals for Beef," and "Proposals for Pork," as the case may be, will be received at this office until 3 o'clock, p. m , on Monday, the 10th day of July next, for furnishing and delivering, free of all post and risk to the Pive thousand four hundred barrels navy beef, and four thousand eight hundred barrets of navy pork ;

Each barrel to contain not less than two hundred pounds

nett weight of beef or pork; no excess of weight in either article

will be paid for. To be delivered at the respective navy yards, as Barrels Beef. Barrels Pork. At Charleston, Mass., 1.600 At Brooklyn, N. Y., 1,600 1,800 At Gosport, Va., -

4.800 Said beef and park must be delivered, one half betwee , the first day of January, 1849, and the first day of April, 1849; and the other half between the 15th day of April, 1849, and the 15th day of June, 1849, unless earlier deliveries should be required by the cuief of this bureau. Offers must be made for each half separately and distinctly; that is, for the half deligerable between the 1st of January and 1st of April, and for the half deliverable between the 15th of April and 15th of June, 1819. Payment for the first half to be made within thirty days after delivery; and ary, 1819, and weighing not less than six hundred pounds, nett weight, each. The legs and leg rands of the hind quarters, and the shins and shoulder clods, and at least eight pounds from the neck end of each fore quarter, or the parts marked Nos. 1, 2, and 3, on the drawing or defineation of the fare and hind quarters of an ox, which will be attached to and form a part of the contract, must be wholly excluded from each barrel and half barrel, and the remainder of the carcass must be cut in pieces of not less than

eight pounds each. The pork must be packed from corn-fed, well-fattened bogs, slaughtered between the first day of November, 1848, and the 1st day of February, 1849, and weighing not less than two hundred pounds each, excluding the heads, joins, necks, shoulders, hams, legs, feet, and lard, and all refuse pieces; and must be cut in pieces weighing not less than six pounds each. Both the heef and pork must be salted with at least one statute barrel, exclusive of a pickle, to be made from fresh water, as strong as salt will make it.

One fourth the quantity of beef, and one-fourth the quantity of pork, must be packed in half parrels, and contain one hundred pounds nett weight of each, as the case may be; and, to estimate ing the price, two half barrels are to be considered as one barrel. The barrels and half carrels must be made of the best seasoned white oak, or white ash staves and heading; if of the former, to be not less than hirectories of an inch thick; if of the latter, to be not less than an inch thick for parrels, and three-fourths of an inch for half barrels, and to be cooped at least three-fourths over

Each barrel and balf carrel must be branded on its head "Navy transportation coastwise of goods entitled to drawback, as | Beef," or "Navy Pork," as the case may be, with the contractor's name and the year when packed, The beef and pork will, unless otherwise directed by the chief of this bureau, be inspected by the inspecting officers at the re- | range ten. spective navy yards aloresaid, and by some sworn inspector of impost duty by reason of the vessel in which they may ar- | salted provisions," who will be selected by the respective commanding officers; but their charges for such inspection must be paul by the respective contractors, who must likewise have the barrels in good shipping order to the satisfaction of the commandants of the respective navy yards aforesaid, after inspection, and at their own expense.

Bidders must specify their prices separately and distinctly in separate offers for the beef and for the pork, and for each of the places of delivery, covering all expenses and all charges. Bonds in one-third the amount of the respective contracts will be required, and ten per centum in addition will be withheld from Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives | the amount of each payment to be made, as collateral security for the due at faithful performance of their respective contracts, which will on no account be paid until the contracts are complied with in all respects, and is to be forfeited to the United States in the event of failure to complete the deliveries within the prescribed periods. And in case of failure on the part of the contractor to deliver the aloresaid (set and pork within the time specified, ered as extending to the brothers and sisters of those persons | the chief of the bureau of provisions and clothing shall have the whose services, under that act, may have entitled them to right to direct purchases to be made to supply deficiencies, and the land therein provided: the order or primity of right, any excess of cost shall be charged to and paid by the contract. ors. Payment will be made by the United States at the periods however, shall ternain as declared in that act; and those [stiing, the right shall accrue, fourthly, to the brother or sister, or in equal proportions to the brothers and sisters of the de- beef and pork shall have been inspected and received, and bills for the same shall have been presented to the navy agents respect-Sec. 2. And be it further enacted, That the benefits of ively, du y approved by the commandants of the respective navy

nated in the engraving to be be attached to the contracts. Persons interested can obtain them on application at this office. Bilders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified, and as early as practicable a contract and bond will be transmitted to them for execution; which contract and bond must be returned to the bureau within ten days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of the mail. Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the 6th section of the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service of 1846-7, approved 10th August, 1846, a copy of which is subjoined) by a written guaranty, signed by one or more responsible dersons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within ten days, with good and sufficient sareties, to furnish the articles proposed. This guaranty must be accompanied by the certificate of the United States district judge, United States district attorney, navy

agent, or some other of the general government, or individual known to the bureau, that the guaranters are able to make good No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by such The bidder's name and residence, and the name of each mem-

ber of a firm, where a company offers, should be distinctly Extract from the act of Congress approved August 10, 1846. "Sec. 6. And be it further enacted, That, from and after the passage of this act, every proposal for naval supplies invited by the Secretary of the Navy, under the proviso to the general appropriation bill for the navy, approved March third, eighteen hundred and forty-three, shall be accompanied by a written guaranty, signed by one or more responsible persons, to the effect that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation in such time as may be prescribe | by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureries, to furnish the supplies proposed. No proposal shall be considered, unless accompanied by such guaranty. If, after the acceptance of a proposal, and a notification thereof to the bidder or bidders, he or they shall fail to enter into an obligation within the time prescribed by the Secretary of the Navy, with good and sufficient sureries for furnishing the supplies, then the Secretary of the Navy shall proceed to contract with some other person or persons for furnishing the said supplies; and shall forthwing cause he difference between the amount contained in the proposal so armshing the said supplies, for the whole period of the proposal, to be charged up against said bidder or bidders, and his or their guarantor or guarantors; and the same may be immediately recovered by the United States, for the use of the Navy Department,

in an action of de't against either or all of said persons." June 14-law4wt5Jy. MARION HORSE COMPANY. For the Apprehension of Horse Thieves. THE 2d quarterly meeting for 1843, will be held at Pugh's School 1 House, to Centre township, on the Michigan road, north, on the last Saturday in June, at 10 o'clock, A. M. Punctual attendance of the members is requested, as there will be business of importance to transact, and interesting reports to be made.

FOR SALE. NEW Store and dwelling house, containing four rooms, eligibly situated, at the M. & I. R. R. Depot. Possession can be had immediately The property will be sold for less than cost, if immediate application be made to GEO. A. CHAPMAN.

SELLING OFF AT COST, And Closing up Business. FRY R. CASE will sell the balance of his stock, mostly dry goods, . a very small amount, but good and desirable goods, at cost and carriage, and give up to the purchaser his room, or e of the best in the city, for a wholesale or retail business.

NOTICE. FIT R. CASE requests all those who know themselves to be in-. debted to him to call and settle their accounts with the cash or due bill, as soon as convenient; and all those who have any demands against him, to present them forthwith at my counter, and oblige T. R. CASE.

LAWNS AND BALZORINES. AWNS from 121 to 25 cents; Ginghams and Balzorines at the same, just received by 7 J. S. DUNLOP.

SHEETS. SHEETS. PIECE super. Linen Russia Diaper 21 yards wide for summer J. S. DUNLOP. FLOWERS. FLOWERS. EVERAL boxes of Face Flowers for sale by

MOLASSES. NEW Orleans and sugar house molasses, just received at jan24 74 HOR

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the purchasers of By tire a resistant of the Entired States.

IN pursuance of an act of Congress, approved on the first day of March, 1847, entitled then act day of March, 1847, entitled "an act to estate is a fund sale of mineral lands in the State of Mirhigan," L. JAMES K. POLK. President of the United States of America, do hereby de clare and make known, that a public sale will be held at the Sault Ste. Marie, the land office for the "Lake Superior Land Bistrict." commencing on Monday, the 31st day of July next, for the dispo-

sal of the public lands within the following names townships and fractional townships, situated in the Lake Superior mineral region, between Chocolate and Carp rivers, to-wit: North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian. The fractions of toe uships thirty-eight and thirty-nine, west of the Little Bay de Noquet and Esconawhy river, of range twenty-

The fractions of townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight, thirtynine, and forty, west of the Little day de Noquet and Erconawby river, of range twenty three. Township forty-six and fractional township forty-seven, on the main land, of range twenty-four. Townships forty-six and forty-seven, fractional townships forty-eight, forty-nine and fifty, including "Middle" and "Grante" is-

lands, of range twenty-five. Townships forty six, forty-seven and forty eight, fractional townships forty-nine, fifty and fifty-one, on the main land, and the 'Manitou" island, in township fifty-eight, of range twenty six. Fractional townships fifty one, fifty-two, fifty-eight and fiftynine, all on the main land, of range twenty-seven. Township fifty-one, and fractional townships fifty-two, fiftyeight and fifty-nine, on the main land, of range twenty-eight. Township fifty-one, fractional township fifty-two, on the main land, the two "Huron" islands, situated in sections twenty seven, twenty-eight, twenty-nine and thirty-four, containing one hundred and twenty-four and a half acres in township fifty-three, and free-tional townships fifty-seven, fifty-eight and fifty-nine, on the main land, of range twenty nine. Township fifty-one, and fractional townships fifty-two, fifty-

land, of range thirty Fractional townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty-three, fifty-four, fifty-five and fifty-six, on the main land, township fifty-seven and actional township fifty-eight, on the main land, of range thirty

Fractional township sixty five, on "Isle Royale," of range thir At the same place, commencing on Monday, the 14th day of August next, for the disposal of the public lands within the following townships and fractional townships, situated in the Lake Superior mineral region, as above, viz

North of the baseline, and west of the principal meridian. Fractional townships fifty-one, fifty-two, fifty three, fifty-lour and fifty-five, township fifty-six, and fractional townships fifty seven and fifty eight, all on the main land, of range tharty-two. Fractional townships fifty-one, fitty three, fifty-four, fifty five. fifty-six and fifty-seven, all on the main land, or range thirty

Townships fifty three and fifty-four, and fractional townships fifty five and fifty-six, on the main land, of range thirty-four. Townships fifty-two, fifty-three and fifty-four, and fractional ownships fifty-five and fifty-six, on the main land, of range thirty

Townships fifty two and fifty three, and fractional townships fifty four and fifty-five, on the main land, of range thirty-six. Townships fifty-one and fifty-two, and fractional townships fifty hree and fifty-four, on the main land, of range thirty seven. Townships fifty-one and fifty-two, and fractional township fifty three, on the main land, of range thirty-eight. Township fifty-one, and fractional townships fifty-two and fifty

Fractional townships fifty-one and fifty-three, on the main land, Fractional townships lifty-one, on the main land, of ranges fortyone, forty-two, forty-three and forty-four.
At the same place, commencing on Monday, the 3d day of July next, for the disposal of the agricultural lands within the following named townships and fractional townships, situated east of the

part of "Sugar," "Sailor," and other surveyed islands, of range Fractional townships forty-mae, forty-two, forty-three, fortyfour and forty-five, including the surveyed islands, of range three-Fractional townships forty one, forty two and forty-three, including the surveyed islands, of range four. Fractional townships forty our, forty two and forty-three, in-

Fractional towns ips forty-one, forty-two and forty-three, including part of "Drummond's and other survey dislands, of range Fructional townshins forty-one, forty-two and forty-three, on "Deunmond's" island, of mane seven.

North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian Fractional townships facty one and forty two, including "Marquerie" and of ar surveyed islands, townships forty, forty-free, forty-four, forty-five and forty-six, and fractional township fortyseven, on the main fand, (except fractional sections one and two in the latter,) of range one. At the same place, commencing on Monday, the 17th day of July next, for the disposal of the agricultural tands within the fol-

Fractional townships forty-one and farty two, inc udi of the surveyed islands, and townships forty three and forty-lour, of range Fractional townships forty, forty-one and forty-two, including part of "St. Martin's" island, and townships forty-three and fortyfour, of range three

townships forty-one and forty two, on the main land, and township forty-three, of range five. Fraction I township forty-two, on the main land, and townships forty-three and forty four, of rauge six. Fractional township forty-two, racluding the small surveyed is lands in section eight, and townships forty-three and forty-lour, of Fractional township forty-two, including the small islands in section three, fractional township forty-three, on the main land, and township forty-four, of range eight.

eleven, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, fifteen and sixteen, forty-six, forty-seven and forty-eight, including part of Grand island, and surveyed islands of range nincteen.

The parts of fractional townships thirty-eight and thirty-nine, lying east of Little Bay de Noquet and Esconawby river, and fractional township forty, of range twenty-two. The parts of fractional townships thirty nine and forty, of range All lands within the townships and fractional townships above enumerated, reported as containing copper, lead, or other valuable ores, will be offered for sale in quarter sections at not less than five dollars per acre, except the sections covered in whole or in

part by those mining leases, which shall not be deter fined by the day fixed for the commencement of the public sale; and all lands, not reported as aforesaid, will be offered for sale in the same man ner as other lands, under the laws now in force for the sale of the public lands, excepting and reserving section sixteen in each township for the use of schools, and lands reserved for military and The offering of the lands will be commenced on the days appointed, and proceed in the same order in which they are advertised, with all convenient dispatch, until the whole shall have been

offered, and the sa es closed. But no sale shall be kept open longer than two weeks, and no private entry of any of the lands will be admitted until after the expiration of the two weeks. Given under my hand at the city of Washington, this twentyseventh day of January, anno domini one thousand eight hundred

Commissioner of the General Land Office. NOTICE TO MINERS AND PRE-EMPTION CLAIMANTS. All persons who were, at the passage of the act of 1st March, 1847, in possession, by actual occupancy, of any portion of the min

pointed for the commencement of the public sale of the fands embracing the tract claimed, otherwise such pre caption claim will The certificate of the mineral agent at Sault Ste Marie, that persons holding under leases or persons, or those in the occupancy of a mine or mines, have paid up their per centers of rents required by the net above mentioned, will be conclusive on that

Persons occupying under leases or permits, will not be permitted to relinquish their rights under that occupancy, and enter us squatters; and where any such leases or permits may expire before before the day of sale the ri his granted to the holders thereof will be regarded as reseving the ands covered thereby from entry under any other right till the day of sale, when they will be offered at public sale as mineral lands.

RICHARD M. YOUNG, Commissioner.

TO THE PUBLIC. The 'mineral lands" included in the foregoing proclamation embrace the greater portion of Keweena Foint, and the southern shore of Lake Superior, in the northern peninsula of Michigan, and are rendered immensely valuable by the exhaustless mines of copper and other ores found therein. A considerable number of those mines have already been discovered in the trap ranges bordering on Lake Superior, and within a few miles of it; and from the geological character of the country and the explorations already made, it cannot be doubted that others. equally, it not more, valuable with be found throughout this whole

In some of the mines now worked, copper is found almost pure, and in fact, most of the native copper and over yield a greater per centage than any other yet discovered in the world. Silver is also found in considerable quantities. All the necessary materials for the construction of furnaces, and fuel for smelling, are found in abundance in the immediate neighborhood of the mineral; and the lace of the country is sach, that the mines require but little, if any, artificial drainage, and are therefore worked to great advantage.

The climate in the winter, though cold, does not interrupt the operations of the miners; in fact, that season is considered the most favorable for their operations. The proximity of these mineral lands to the shore of Lake Superior, or which are several safe and excellent harbors, and the water communication therefrom by the Sault Ste. Marie, Lakes Huron, Erie, &c., farnish ready means of transporting the products of these lands to the principal markets of the United States at a very triffing cost. It likewise appears from the reports to this office, that the agri-

cultural lands are of a fair quality, producing the usual culinary vegetables and grass in abundance; and no doubt, when the soil is fairly tilled, it will be found favorable for grain crops also; and for all these products a fair price and good market will be found Timber, such as white and yellow pine, sugar maple, yellow birch, &c., is, in many places, very abundant, and by its thrifty

growth, gives evidence of the richness of the soil. Maps showing the localities of the mines and other valuable in formation relating thereto, derived from the geological survey. &c., which cannot be embraced in this brief notice, will be it pared and deposited with the land officers at the Sault Ste. Marie, for inspection, as early as practicable before the commence-ment of the public sales. RICHARD M YOUNG. Commissioner of the General Land Office Ap. 29.- 104 tJy 8-10w

three, fifty-six, fifty-seven, fifty-eight and fifty-nine, on the main

three, on the main land, of range thirty-nine.

Chocolate and Esconawby rivers and the Little Bay de Noquet, to-North of the base line, and east of the principal meridian. Fractional townships forty-one and forty-two, including the surveyed islands, township forty-three, fractional towaship forty-four, township forty-five, fractional townships forty-six and forty-seven, (except the north half of the latter on the main land,) including part of "Sugar" and other surveyed islands, and fractional township forty-eight, on "Sugar island," of range one. Fractional township forty one, including the surveyed islands, townships forty-two and forty-three, and fractional townships for ty-four, forty-five, forty-six, forty seven and forty-eight, including

cluding part of "Drummond's" and other surveyed islands, of

Fractional townships forty-one and forty-two, on "Drummond's"

lowing named townships and fractional townships, satuated east of Chocolate and Esconawby rivers and the Lattle Bay de Suguet. North of the base line, and west of the principal meridian,

Fractional townships forty and forty-one, on the main land, and townships forty-two and forty-three, of range four. The "St. Helena" island, in fractional township forty, fractional

The "Big Beaver island" in Lake Michigan, embraced in fractional townships thirty-seven, thirty-eight and thirty-nine, of Fractional townships thirty-seven and thirty-eight, of range Fractional townships forty one, on the main land, of ranges Townships forty four, forty-five and forty-six, and fractional townships forty-seven and forty eight, on the main land, including part of Grand island, of range eighteen.

Townships forty four and forty-five, and fractional townships

Townships forty-four, forty-five and forty-six, fractional township forty-seven, on the mais land, and the small surveyed islands embraced in fractional townships forty-seven and forty-eight, of

By the President : JAMES K. POLK. RICHARD M. YOUNG,

eral lands embraced in this proclamation, under authority of a lease or written permit from the Secretary of War, for the purpose of mining thereon, and all persons who shall be in possession by actual occupancy, of a mine or mines, actually discovered before the 1st March, 1847, as set forth in the act of 1st March, 1847, above mentioned, are suthorized to enter and purchase the same at the price, on the terms and conditions, and to the extent prescribed by that act, and no less, at any time before the day fixed for the commencement of the sale of those mineral lands, on m king proof of possession and occupancy, and of compliance with those terms, to the Register and Receiver of the Land Office, subject to an appeal to the Secretary of the Treasury; and all persons entitled to the right of pre-emption to any of the agricultural lands embraced in this proclamation, are required to establish the same to the satisfaction of the Register and Receiver, and make payment therefor as soon as practicable after seeing this notice, and before the day up-